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GOVERNMENT OF KERALA
1964

Reg. No. K. 107

KERALA GAZETTE

EXTRAORDINARY

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Vol. IX] Trivandrum, Thursday, 6th August 1964 / 15th Sravana 1886 [No.95

GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

Agriculture and Rural Development Department
(Agriculture –Food)

o. 38756/Fd.3/64/Agri. *Dated Trivandrum, 6th August 1964.*

NOTIFICATION

The following Orders Nos. GSR-1098, 1099 and 1100 dated 31st July 1964 of the Government of India, Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Department of Food), published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary (Part II) dated July 31, 1964/Sravana 9, 1886 are republished for general information.

By order of the Governor,
JOSEPH THADICARAN,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Department of Food)

ORDER

New Delhi, the 31st July 1964.

G. S. R. 1098. In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby makes the following Order, namely :—

1. *Short title, extent and commencement.*—(1) This Order may be called the Andhra Pradesh Coarse Rice (Maximum Prices) Order, 1964.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE S.G.P. AT THE GOVERNMENT PRESS, TRIVANDRUM, 1964.

(2) It extends to the States of Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, Madras and Mysore.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. *Definitions.*—In this order,—

(a) "coarse rice" means the varieties of rice specified in Schedule I to this Order ;

(b) "retailer" means any person selling rice to comsumers ;

(c) "retail price" means the price charged by a retailer ;

(d) "State Government" means the Government of the State having jurisdiction ;

(e) "wholesale price" means the price charged by any person for the sale of rice to a dealer not being a consumer.

3. *Maximum prices.*—(1) The maximum wholesale prices for coarse rice of Andhra Pradesh origin of fair average quality sold in any of the States specified in column (1) of Schedule II to this Order shall be within the range specified against that State in column (2) of the said schedule.

(2) The maximum retail prices for coarse rice of Andhra Pradesh origin of fair average quality sold in any of the States specified in column (1) of Schedule III to this Order shall be within the range specified against that State in column (2) of the said schedule.

Explanation: Rice shall be deemed to be of fair average quality if it is adequately polished, in sound merchantable condition, sweet, dry, clean, wholesome, of good food value and free from mould, weevils, smell, discolouration, admixture of deleterious substances and all impurities except to the extent indicated in Schedule IV to this Order. Where the tolerance limits are exceeded cuts shall apply as indicated in column (4) of the said Schedule.

4. The State Government concerned may fix the maximum whole-sale and retail prices for any variety of coarse rice within the range specified in Schedule II or, as the case may be, Schedule III to this Order, in respect of that State.

SCHEDULE I

[*See Clause 2 (a)*]

Nallarlu and other red varieties, Kesari red, Kesari white, Basangi, Garikalu, Pala Sannalu, Dalwa Mologulukulu, No. 19, Kusuma, Rasulu and Akkulu.

SCHEDULE II

[*See Clause 3 (1)*]

Name of State	*Range of maximum wholesale prices. Rupees per quintal (including cost of bags)*
(1)	(2)
1. Andhra Pradesh	58.57 to 65.32
2. Madras	61.50 to 68.60
3. Kerala	64.70 to 71.50
4. Mysore	64.30 to 71.05

SCHEDULE III

[*See Clause 3 (2)*]

Name of State	*Range of maximum retail prices. Rupees per quintal.*
(1)	(2)
1. Andhra Pradesh	59.75 to 66.62 or 60 to 67 paise per Kg.
2. Madras	64.60 to 72.05 or 65 to 72 paise per Kg.
3. Kerala	67.95 to 75.10 or 68 to 75 paise per Kg.
4. Mysore	67.50 to 74.60 or 68 to 75 paise per Kg.

SCHEDULE IV

(See Explanation to Clause 3)

	Constituents to admixtures	Kind of Rice	Free tolerance limit for fair average quality rice (Per cent)	Rate at which cuts shall be imposed for every one per cent or part of one per cent over the free tolerance limit specified in column (3)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1	Brokens and fragments.	Boiled Rice	15	Over 15% and up to 25%, 8 paise per quintal. Over 25% 16 paise per quintal
		Raw Rice	25	Over 25% and up to 40%, 8 paise per quintal. Over 40% 16 paise per quintal.
2.	Dirt, foreign matter and/ or paddy or unhusked grains.	Boiled Rice or Raw Rice	1.0	Over 1% and up to 2% 24 paise per quintal. Over 2% 51 paise per quintal.
3.	Damaged, discoloured and weevilled grains.	Boiled Rice or Raw Rice	2.5	Over 2.5% and up to 5% 16 paise per quintal. Over 5% 51 paise per quintal.
4.	Red grains and other inferior varieties in varieties other than 'Nallarlu' 'Badama' and other red varieties.	Boiled Rice or Raw Rice	10.0	Over 10% 8 paise per quintal. (See note below).

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
5. Dehusked grains	Boiled rice or Raw Rice	12	If the tolerance limit is exceeded the excess over that limit shall be counted as additional 'red grains'. The actual red grains together with this addition shall then be considered for cut under the item 'red grains' mentioned at 4 above.
6. Moisture	Boiled Rice	15.0	Over 15% at full value of the rice equivalent to moisture content.
	Raw Rice	14.0	Over 14% at full value of the rice equivalent to moisture content.

NOTES:—(1) Besides, the cut shown in column (4) for item 4 above for admixture of red grains and other inferior varieties in excess of 12 per cent, an additional cut at the rate of 67 paise per quintal shall be imposed up to 30 per cent. Over 30% a cut of Rs. 1.34 per quintal shall be imposed.

(2) The rate of cut specified in column (4) in respect of items other than 'Moisture' is for every one per cent or part of one per cent over the tolerance limit, ie. the quantity which is less than one per cent would be counted as one per cent and cut calculated at the next round figure of percentage. For example, if the excess of impurities over the tolerance limit is 1.1%, the cut will be calculated for 2%.

In respect of 'Moisture', however, the cuts shall be to the extent of the actual percentage of moisture in the rice.

Definitions of items of various impurities

1. *Brokens.*—Kernels which are less than 3/4ths but not less than 1/8th of the full grains.

2. *Foreign matter.*—It shall be matter other than rice kernels, rice polishings, paddy and brokens of the size of less than 1/8th.

3. *Damaged discoloured and chalky, etc.*—The grain that is discoloured and spoiled by natural or unnatural factors, such as loose water, excessive moisture, fungi, insects or by any other means. (Chalky grains having one half or more as chalkly to be reckoned as chalky grains).

4. *Red grains.*—Shall be kernels or pieces of kernels which have more than 1/4th of their surface coated with red bran.

5. *Dehusked.*—Rice kernels, whole or brokens, which have more than 1/4th of their surface area covered with bran.

6. *Moisture.*—Loose water that is lost on heating at 130°C for two hours.

(No. 201 (AP) (3)/717/64-PY. II)

(Sd.)

B. P. Bagchi,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

Ministry of Food & Agriculture (Department of Food)

ORDER

New Delhi, the 31st July 1964.

G. S. R. 1099. In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby makes the following order, namely:

1. *Short Title, Extent & Commencement:*—(1) This Order may be called the Madras Coarse Rice (Maximum Prices) Order, 1964.

(2) It extends to the States of Madras and Kerala.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. *Definitions*:— In this Order,—

(a) "coarse rice" means the varieties of rice specified in Schedule I to this Order ;

(b) "Retailer" means any person selling rice to consumers;

(c) "Retail price" means the price charged by a retailer;

(d) "State Government" means the Government of the State having jurisdiction ;

(e) "Wholesale price" means the price charged by any person for the sale of rice to a dealer not being a consumer.

3. *Maximum Prices*:— (1) The maximum wholesale prices for coarse rice of Madras origin of fair average quality sold in the State of Madras or Kerala shall be within the range specified against that State in column (2) of Schedule II to this Order.

(2) The maximum retail prices for coarse rice of Madras origin of fair average quality sold in the State of Madras or Kerala shall be within the range specified against that State in column (2) of Schedule III to this Order.

Explanation:— Rice shall be deemed to be of fair average quality if it is adequately polished, in sound merchantable condition, sweet, dry, clean, wholesome, of good food value and free from mould, weevils, smell, discolouration, admixture of deleterious substances and all impurities except to the extent indicated in Schedule IV to this Order. Where the tolerance limits are exceeded cuts shall apply as indicated in column (4) of the said Schedule.

4. The State Government concerned may fix the maximum wholesale and retail prices for any variety of coarse rice within the range specified in Schedule II or, as the case may be, Schedule III to this Order, in respect of that State.

SCHEDULE I

[*See Clause* 2 (a)]

Red Kar or short duration Red Kar varieties, Madhu Muzhangi, Sembalai, Kullan Samba, Kallimatter, Puzhuthi Peratti, Mosanam, Manavari, Manakathi, Red Vadan Samba, Swarnavari, Adt. 3, Adt. 4, Sarapalli, Poonkar, Chitrakalai.

SCHEDULE II

[*See Clause* 3 (1)]

Name of State.	*Range of maximum wholesale prices including cost of bags. Rs. per quintal.*
(1)	(2)
1. Madras	65.50 to 70.45
2. Kerala	70.10 to 75.05

SCHEDULE III

[*See Clause* 3 (2)]

Name of State.	*Range of maximum retail prices. Rs. per quintal.*
(1)	(2)
1. Madras	67.45 to 72.55 or 67 to 73 paise per Kg
2. Kerala	73.60 to 78.80 or 74 to 79 paise per Kg.

SCHEDULE IV

(See Explanation to Clause 3)

Constituents of admixtures	*Kind of Rice*	*Free tolerance limit for fair average quality of rice per cent*	*Rate at which cuts shall be imposed over the free tolerance limit specified in column (3)*
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Brokens and fragments. Milledrice	Boiled Rice	15	Over 15% and up to 25% at quarter value. Over 25% at two-fifths value.
	Raw Rice	25	Over 25% and up to 40% at quarter value. Over 40% at half value.
2. Dirt, foreign matter and paddy or unhusked grains	Boiled Rice or Raw Rice	1	Over 1% and upto 2% at three-fourths value. Over 2% at full value.
3. Damaged, discoloured & weevilled grains.	Boiled Rice or Raw Rice.	2.5	Over 2.5% and up to 5% at half value. Over 5% at full value.
4. Red grains & other inferior varieties.	Boiled Rice or Raw Rice.	6	Over 6% at quarter value.
5. Moisture.	Boiled Rice.	15	Over 15% at full value.
	Raw Rice	14	Over 14% at full value.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
6.	Dehusked grains.	Boiled Rice or Raw Rice	12	If the tolerance limit is exceeded, the excess over that limit shall be counted as addl. 'red grains'. The actual red grains together with this addition shall then be considered for cut under the item 'Red grains' mentioned at 4 above.

NOTE.: Besides the cut shown in column (4) for item No. 4 for admixture of red grains and other inferior varieties in excess of 12% additional cut at the rate of 0.67 paise per quintal shall be imposed up to 30%. Over 30% a cut of Rs. 1.34 per quintal shall be imposed.

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Definitions of various admixtures

1. *Brokens.*—Kernels which are less than 3/4ths but not less than 1/8th of the full grain.

2 *Foreign matter.*—Dirt, grit, earth particles, paddy, rice kernels less than 1/8th of the whole grain, paddy and other grains shall be deemed to be foreign matter.

3. *Damaged discoloured and chalky etc.*—The grain that is discoloured and spoiled by natural or unnatural factors such as loose water, excessive moisture, fungi, insects or by any other means (chalky grains having one half or more as chalky to be reckoned as 'chalky').

4. *Red grains.*—Shall be kernels or pieces of kernels which have more than 1/4th of their surface coated with red bran.

5. *Moisture.*—Loose water that is lost on heating at 130° C for 2 hours.

[No. 201 (MAS) (3) 718/64-PY. II]

(Sd.)

B. P. Bagchi,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

Ministry of Food & Agriculture
(Department of Food)

ORDER

New Delhi; the 31st July, 1964.

G.S.R.1100. In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby directs that the powers conferred on it by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act, to make orders to provide for the matters specified in clause (c) of sub-section (2) thereof, shall, in relation to rice, be exercisable also by the Governments of Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, Madras and Mysore within their respective jurisdiction:

Provided that such power shall be exercised by the State Government concerned according to such directions as may be issued by the Central Government in this behalf.

[No. 203 (SRZ) (1)/719/64.PY.II]

(Sd.)

B. P. Bagchi,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.